

JUS

9. Exactly proportioned.
The prince is here at hand: please your lordship
To meet his grace, *just* distance 'tween our armies? *Shak.*
10. Full; of full dimensions.
His soldiers had divers skirmishes with the Numidians, so
that once the skirmish was like to have come to a *just* battle.
Knolles's History of the Turks.
There is not any one particular abovementioned, but would
take up the business of a *just* volume. *Hale's Orig. of Man.*
There seldom appeared a *just* army in the civil wars.
Dutchess of Newcastle.
11. Exact in retribution.
See nations slowly wise, and meanly *just*,
To bury'd merit raise the tardy bust.
Vanity of Human Wishes.

JUST. *adv.*

1. Exactly; nicely; accurately.
The god Pan guided my hand *just* to the heart of the
beast. *Sidney.*

They go about to make us believe that they are *just* of the
same opinion, and that they only think such ceremonies are
not to be used when they are unprofitable, or when as good
or better may be established. *Hoker.*

There, ev'n *just* there he stood; and as she spoke,
Where last the spectre was, she cast her look. *Dryden.*
A few seem to understand him right; *just* as when our Sa-
viour said, in an allegorical sense, except ye eat the flesh of
the son of man, and drink his blood, ye have no life in you.
Bentley's Sermons.

'Tis with our judgments as our watches, none
Go *just* alike; yet each believes his own. *Pope.*
2. Merely; barely.

It is the humour of weak and trifling men to value them-
selves upon *just* nothing at all. *L'Estrange.*

The nereids swam before
To smooch the seas; a soft etesian gale
But *just* inspir'd and gently swell'd the sail. *Dryden.*
Give me, ye gods, the product of one field,
That so I neither may be rich nor poor;
And having *just* enough, not covet more. *Dryden.*

3. Nearly.
Being spent with age, and *just* at the point of death, Demo-
critus called for loaves of new bread to be brought, and with
the steam of them under his nose prolonged his life. *Temple.*
JUST. *n. f.* [*justus*, French.] Mock encounter on horseback;
tilt; tournament.

None was either more grateful to the beholders, or more
noble in itself, than *justs*, both with sword and lance. *Sidney.*
What news from Oxford? hold those *justs* and triumphs?
Shakespeare's Richard II.

Among themselves the tourney they divide,
In equal squadrons rang'd on either side;
Then turn'd their horses heads, and man to man,
And steed to steed oppos'd, the *justs* began. *Dryden.*

TO JUST. *v. n.* [*justus*, French.]

1. To engage in a mock fight; to tilt.
2. To push; to drive; to juggle.

JUSTICE. *n. f.* [*justus*, French; *justitia*, Latin.]

1. The virtue by which we give to every man what is his due.
O that I were judge, I would do *justice*. *2 Sam. xv. 4.*

The king-becoming graces,
As *justice*, verity, temperance, flableness,
I have no relish of them. *Shakespeare. Macbeth.*
The nature and office of *justice* being to dispose the mind
to a constant and perpetual readiness to render to every man
his due, it is evident, that if gratitude be a part of *justice*, it
must be conversant about something that is due to another. *Loc.*

2. Vindicative retribution; punishment.
This shews you are above

Yon *justices*, that thee our nether crimes
So speedily can venge. *Shakespeare. King Lear.*

He executed the *justice* of the Lord. *Deut. xxxiii. 21.*
Left *justice* overtake us. *Is. lix. 9.*

Examples of *justice* must be made, for terror to some; ex-
amples of mercy, for comfort to others: the one procures
fear, and the other love. *Bacon's Advice to Villiers.*

3. Right; assertion of right.
Draw thy sword,
That if my speech offend a noble heart,
Thy arm may do thee *justice*. *Shakespeare. King Lear.*

4. [*justiciarius*, Lat.] One deputed by the king to do right by
way of judgment.

And thou, Eldras, ordain judges and *justices*, that they may
judge in all Syria. *Ezra. viii. 23.*

5. JUSTICE of the King's Bench. [*justiciarius de Banco Regis*.]

Is a lord by his office, and the chief of the rest; wherefore
he is also called *capitalis justiciarius Angliæ*. His office espe-
cially is to hear and determine all pleas of the crown; that is,
such as concern offences committed against the crown, dig-
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and such like: but it is come to pass, that he with his
assistants heareth all personal actions, and real also, if they

be incident to any personal action depending before
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Give that whipster his errand,
He'll take my lord chief *justice's* warrant. *Prior.*

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in opposition to the pleas of the crown, or the king's pleas,
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of these there be two, whereof the one hath jurisdiction over
all the forests on this side Trent, and the other of all be-
yond. *Cowel.*

8. JUSTICES of Assize. [*justicarii ad capiendas Assisas*.] Are
such as were wont, by special commission, to be sent into this
or that country to take assizes; the ground of which polity
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this purpose, were by commission particularly authorized and
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9. JUSTICES in Eyre. [*justicarii itinerantes*.] Are so termed
of the French *eyre*, *iter*. The use of these, in ancient time,
was to send them with commission into divers counties, to hear
such causes especially as were termed the pleas of the crown,
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cases, and to one place; whereas the justices in eyre were
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cast into gaol, part of whose authority is to punish such as let
into gaol, part of a man glutinous, a friend of publicans
and sinners; but wisdom is *justified* of her children. *Mat. xi.*

How can man be *justified* with God? Or how can he be
clean that is born of a woman? *Job xxv. 4.*

There is an exquisite subtilty, and the same is unjust; and
there is a wife man that *justifieth* in judgment. *Ecclesi. x. 25.*

You're either *justifying*, nor yet accus'd. *Dryden.*

2. To maintain; to defend; to vindicate.
When we began in courteous manner to lay his unkind-
ness unto him, he seeing himself confronted by so many, like
a resolute orator, went not to denial, but to *justify* his cruel
fallhood. *Sidney.*

What she did, whatever in itself,
Her doing seem'd to *justify* the deed. *Mit. Par. Lost.*

My unwilling flight the gods enforce,
And that must *justify* our sad divorce. *Denham.*

Yet still thy foils shall stand in thy defence,
And *justify* their author's want of sense. *Dryden.*

Let others *justify* their missions as they can, we are sure
we can *justify* that of our fathers by an uninterrupted suc-
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The chariots shall rage in the streets, they shall *justle* one
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Argo pass'd
Through Bosphorus, betwixt the *justling* rocks. *Milton.*

Late the clouds
justling, or push'd with winds, rude in their shock,
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Not one starry spark,
But gods meet gods, and *justle* in the dark. *Lee.*

Courters therefore *justle* for a grant;
And, when they break their friendship, plead their want. *Dryden's Knight's Tale.*

Murmuring noises rise in every street;
The more remote run stumbling with their fear,
And, in the dark, men *justle* as they meet. *Dryden.*

JUSTICIABLE. *adj.* [*justus*, French.] Proper to be examined in
courts of justice.

JUSTICE. *n. f.* [*justus*, French; *justitia*, Latin.]

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JUSTIFIABLE. *adj.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.] Defensible by law or
reason; conformable to justice.

Just are the ways of God,
And *justifiable* to men. *Milton's Agonistes.*

Although some animals in the water do carry a *justifiable*
resemblance to some at land, yet are the major part which
bear their names unlike. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

JUSTIFIABLENESS. *n. f.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.] Rectitude; possi-
bility of being fairly defended.

Men, jealous of the *justifiableness* of their doings before
God, never think they have human strength enough. *King Charles.*

JUSTIFIABLY. *adv.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.] Rightly; so as to be
supported by right.

A man may more *justifiably* throw crofs and pile for his opi-
nions, than take them up by such measures. *Locke.*

JUSTIFICATION. *n. f.* [*justification*, French; *justificatio*, low
Latin.]

1. Defence; maintenance; vindication; support; absolution
from guilt.

I hope, for my brother's *justification*, he wrote this but as
an essay of my virtue. *Shakespeare. King Lear.*

Among theological arguments, in *justification* of absolute
obedience, was one of a singular nature. *Swift.*

2. Deliverance by pardon from sins past.
In such righteousness
To them by faith imputed, they may find
justification towards God, and peace
Of conscience. *Milton's Paradise Lost, b. xii.*

'Tis the consummation of that former act of faith by this
latter, or, in the words of St. Paul and St. James, the con-
summation of faith by charity and good works, that God ac-
cepteth in Christ to *justification*, and not the bare aptness of
faith to bring forth works, if those works, by the fault of a
rebellious infidel, will not be brought forth. *Hammond.*

JUSTIFICATION. *n. f.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.] One who supports, de-
fends, vindicates, or justifies.

JUSTIFIER. *n. f.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.] One who justifies; one who
defends or absolves; one who frees from sin by pardon.

That he might be just, and the *justifier* of him which be-
leaveth in Jesus. *Re. iii. 26.*

TO JUSTIFY. *v. a.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.]

1. To clear from imputed guilt; to absolve from an accusation.
The law hath judg'd thee, Eleanor;
I cannot *justify*, whom law condemns. *Shakespeare. H. VI.*

They say, behold a man glutinous, a friend of publicans
and sinners; but wisdom is *justified* of her children. *Mat. xi.*

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When elephant 'gainst elephant did rear
His trunk, and castles *justled* in the air,
My sword thy way to victory had shown. *Dryden.*

Was there not one who had fet bars and doors to it, and
said hitherto shall thou come, but no farther, and here shall
thy proud waves be staid; then might we well expect such
vicissitudes, such *justlings* and clashings in nature. *Woodw.*

I thought the dean had been too proud
To *justle* here among a crowd. *Swift.*

TO JUSTLE. *v. a.* To push; to drive; to force by rushing
against it.

Private and single abilities should not *justle* out and deprive
the church of the joint abilities of many learned and godly
men. *King Charles.*

Many excellent strains have been *justled* off by their intru-
sions. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

The surly commons shall respect deny,
And *justle* peerage out with property. *Dryden.*

It is not to be imagined that the incongruous alphabets and
abuses of writing can ever be *justled* out of their possession
of all libraries. *Holder.*

Running in the dark, a man may *justle* a post.
Cullier of the Eagerness of Desire.

Absent good, though thought on, not making any part of
unhappiness in its absence, is *justled* out, to make way for the
removal of those uneasinesses we feel. *Locke.*

We *justled* one another out, and disputed the post for a
great while. *Addison's Guardian.*

JUSTLY. *adv.* [*justus*, French; *justus*, Latin.]

1. Uprightly; honestly; in a just manner.
Nothing can *justly*